Statement of Deficiencies	**(X1) Provider/Supplier/CLIA Identification Number**	**(X3) Date Survey Completed**
	55C0001076	07/10/2019
Name of Provider or Supplier	**Street Address, City, State**	
Plastic Surg Assoc Of Orange County	1310 Stewart Drive, Suite 610, Orange, CA	

For information on the provider's plan to correct this deficiency, please contact the provider or the state survey agency.

(X4) ID Prefix Tag	**Summary Statement of Deficiencies** (Each deficiency should be preceded by full regulatory or LSC identifying information)
K0933	Features of Fire Protection Fire Loss Prevention CFR(s): NFPA 101 Features of Fire Protection - Fire Loss Prevention in Operating Rooms Periodic evaluations are made of hazards that could be encountered during surgical procedures, and fire prevention procedures are established. When flammable germicides or antiseptics are employed during surgeries utilizing electrosurgery, cautery or lasers: * packaging is non-flammable. * applicators are in unit doses. * Preoperative "time-out" is conducted prior the initiation of any surgical procedure to verify: o application site is dry prior to draping and use of surgical equipment. o pooling of solution has not occurred or has been corrected. o solution-soaked materials have been removed from the OR prior to draping and use of surgical devices. o policies and procedures are established outlining safety precautions related to the use of flammable germicide or antiseptic use. Procedures are established for operating room emergencies including alarm activation, evacuation, equipment shutdown, and control operations. Emergency procedures include the control of chemical spills, and extinguishment of drapery, clothing and equipment fires. Training is provided to new OR personnel (including surgeons), continuing education is provided, incidents are reviewed monthly, and procedures are reviewed annually. 15.13 (NFPA 99) This STANDARD is not met as evidenced by: Based on record review and interview, the facility failed to ensure fire and safety precaution training for the operating room. This was evidenced by no record of staff annual review of the fire safety precaution and procedures in the operating room. This affected one of one operating room that could result in a hazard condition and potentially cause harm to patients, in the event of disaster.

	Findings: During record review with the Nursing Director on 7/10/19, surgical fire safety procedures were reviewed and staff interviewed. At 11:40 a.m., the facility failed to provide documents to show staff annually reviewed the fire safety precautions and procedures in the operating room. During an interview with the Nursing Director, she stated that the facility plans on completing operating room fire safety training in the future and will document the training.