Statement of Deficiencies	**(X1) Provider/Supplier/CLIA Identification Number**	**(X3) Date Survey Completed**
	55C0001062	04/30/2018
Name of Provider or Supplier	**Street Address, City, State**	
Sacramento Eye Surgicenter	3150 J Street, Sacramento, CA	

For information on the provider's plan to correct this deficiency, please contact the provider or the state survey agency.

(X4) ID Prefix Tag	**Summary Statement of Deficiencies** (Each deficiency should be preceded by full regulatory or LSC identifying information)
K0920	Electrical Equipment Power Cords and Extension Cords CFR(s): NFPA 101 Electrical Equipment - Power Cords and Extension Cords Power strips in a patient care vicinity are only used for components of movable patient-care-related electrical equipment (PCREE) assembles that have been assembled by qualified personnel and meet the conditions of 10.2.3.6. Power strips in the patient care vicinity may not be used for non-PCREE (e.g., personal electronics), except in long-term care resident rooms that do not use PCREE. Power strips for PCREE meet UL 1363A or UL 60601-1. Power strips for non-PCREE in the patient care rooms (outside of vicinity) meet UL 1363. In non-patient care rooms, power strips meet other UL standards. All power strips are used with general precautions. Extension cords are not used as a substitute for fixed wiring of a structure. Extension cords used temporarily are removed immediately upon completion of the purpose for which it was installed and meets the conditions of 10.2.4. 10.2.3.6 (NFPA 99), 10.2.4 (NFPA 99), 400-8 (NFPA 70), 590.3 (D) (NFPA 70), TIA 12-5 This STANDARD is not met as evidenced by: Based on observation, the facility failed to maintain the electrical equipment. This was evidenced by the use of power strips and extension cord. This affected all patients and could result in an electrical fire. NFPA 101, Life Safety Code, 2012 Edition. 21.5.1 Utilities. 21.5.1.1 Utilities shall comply with the provisions of Section 9.1.

9.1 Utilities

9.1.2 Electrical Systems. Electrical wiring and equipment shall be in accordance with NFPA 70, National Electrical Code, unless such installations are approved existing installations, which shall be permitted to be continued in service.

NFPA 70, National Electrical Code, 2011 Edition.

240.5 Protection of Flexible Cords, Flexible Cables, and Fixture Wires. Flexible cord and flexible cable, including tinsel cord and extension cords, and fixture wires shall be protected against overcurrent by either 240.5(A) or (B).

(A) Ampacities. Flexible cord and flexible cable shall be protected by an overcurrent device in accordance with their ampacity as specified in Table 400.5(A)(1) and Table 400.5(A)(2). Fixture wire shall be protected against overcurrent in accordance with its ampacity as specified in Table 402.5. Supplementary overcurrent protection, as covered in 240.10, shall be permitted to be an acceptable means for providing this protection.

(B) Branch-Circuit Overcurrent Device. Flexible cord shall be protected, where supplied by a branch circuit, in accordance with one of the methods described in 240.5 (B)(1), (B)(3), or (B)(4). Fixture wire shall be protected, where supplied by a branch circuit, in accordance with 240.5(B)(2).

Findings:

During a tour of the facility and interview with the Administrator on 4/30/18, the electrical equipment was observed.

1. At 11:24 a.m., the electrical equipment in the Operating Room 2 was observed. There was a three outlet extension cord plugged into the wall receptacle. The extension cord had a six outlet power strip plugged into it. The power strip had a laser machine, a printer, and a monitor plugged into it. Upon interview, the Administrator confirmed the finding.

2. At 11:26 a.m., the electrical equipment in the Operating Room 1 was observed. There was a six outlet power strip plugged into the wall receptacle. The power strip had a recording equipment and a Sony iPod sound system plugged into it. Upon interview, the Administrator confirmed the finding.